

Leibniz の積分公式

定理 1 Leibniz の積分公式 $(-\infty, \infty)$ で定義された連続な関数 $f(x, y)$ 及び $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y)$, 定数 a, b を考えるとき

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^b f(x, y) dy = \int_a^b \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy \quad (1)$$

[証明] $F_y(x, y) = f(x, y)$ とすると,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^b f(x, y) dy &= \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^b F_y(x, y) dy \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} [F(x, y)]_{y=a}^{y=b} \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} \{F(x, b) - F(x, a)\} \\ &= F_x(x, b) - F_x(x, a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_a^b \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy &= \int_a^b F_{yx} dy \\ &= \int_a^b F_{xy} dy \\ &= [F_x(x, y)]_{y=a}^{y=b} \\ &= F_x(x, b) - F_x(x, a) \end{aligned}$$

[証明終わり]

[別証] $F_y(x, y) = f(x, y)$ とすると,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_a^b \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy &= \int_a^b \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h, y) - f(x, y)}{h} dy \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \int_a^b \{f(x+h, y) - f(x, y)\} dy \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \{F(x+h, b) - F(x+h, a) - F(x, b) + F(x, a)\} \\ &= F_x(x, b) - F_x(x, a) = \text{左辺} \end{aligned}$$

定理 2 一般化された Leibniz の積分公式

x の関数 $\alpha(x), \beta(x)$ を積分区間とすると,

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\alpha(x)}^{\beta(x)} f(x, y) dy = \int_{\alpha(x)}^{\beta(x)} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy + \beta'(x) f(x, \beta(x)) - \alpha'(x) f(x, \alpha(x)) \quad (2)$$

[証明]

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(x, y) dy &= \frac{d}{dx} \int \alpha^{\beta} F_y(x, y) dy \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} [F(x, y)]_{y=\alpha(x)}^{y=\beta(x)} \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} \{F(x, \beta(x)) - F(x, \alpha(x))\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} F(x, \alpha(x)) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x+h, \alpha(x+h)) - F(x, \alpha(x))}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x+h, \alpha(x+h)) - F(x, \alpha(x+h)) + F(x, \alpha(x+h)) - F(x, \alpha(x))}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x+h, \alpha(x+h)) - F(x, \alpha(x+h))}{h} + \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x, \alpha(x+h)) - F(x, \alpha(x))}{h} \\ &= F_x(x, \alpha(x)) + \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{F(x, \alpha(x) + \alpha'(x)h) - F(x, \alpha(x))}{\alpha'(x)h} \times \alpha'(x) \\ &= F_x(x, \alpha(x)) + F_y(x, \alpha(x))\alpha'(x) \\ &= F_x(x, \alpha(x)) + f(x, \alpha(x))\alpha'(x)\end{aligned}\tag{3}$$

同様に,

$$\frac{d}{dx} F(x, \beta(x)) = F_x(x, \beta(x)) + f(x, \beta(x))\beta'(x)\tag{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{\alpha(x)}^{\beta(x)} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy &= \int_{\alpha(x)}^{\beta(x)} \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h, y) - f(x, y)}{h} dy \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \int_{\alpha(x)}^{\beta(x)} \{f(x+h, y) - f(x, y)\} dy \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \{F(x+h, \beta(x)) - F(x, \beta(x)) - F(x+h, \alpha(x)) + F(x, \alpha(x))\} \\ &= F_x(x, \beta(x)) - F_x(x, \alpha(x))\end{aligned}\tag{5}$$

(3),(4),(5) より題意は証明された。